

ACOUSTIC WAVE SPECTRUM

<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Frequency</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Normal Sound Range <i>(including the Range of Human Hearing)</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">1 - 100,000 cps</p>	<p>1 - millions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Waves: circulation patterns in a planetary atmosphere Global Cycles: the 'southern oscillation' in the Earth's atmosphere 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oceanic Cycles: the rise and fall of sea level in the hydrosphere of the Earth or other planets; the 'el niño' current 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Geological Cycles: glacial and interglacial periods, periods of volcanic and seismic activity, polar reversals, continental growth and decay, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Biospheric Cycles: biological, ecological, social, economic, and cultural cycles which occur within the planetary biosphere 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interplanetary Cycles: the orbits of planets, satellites, asteroids, meteorites, comets about the sun or other stars Interplanetary Conjunctions: planetary and satellite conjunctions; solar and lunar eclipse cycles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stellar Cycles: sunspots, solar flares, and faculae caused by stellar magnetic forces on the Sun or other hot stars; stellar rotation Stellar Tides 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interstellar Cycles: the oscillating paths, orbits, and lifecycles of gas and dust clouds, galactic nebulae, within the Milky Way or other galaxies Interstellar Conjunctions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Galactic Cycles: the rotation of the Milky Way Galaxy or other galaxies; the oscillating paths, orbits, and lifecycles of stars, star clusters Spiral Density Waves: caused by instabilities in the gravitational field of spiral galaxies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intergalactic Cycles: the spins, orbits, beats, and lifecycles of gas clouds, galaxies, galactic groups, clusters, super-clusters Intergalactic Conjunctions Macroacoustic Waves: in large gas clouds caused by the galactic wind, stellar explosions
	<p>Months</p> <p>1 - 12</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Waves: circulation patterns in a planetary atmosphere Seasonal Cycles: exchange of warm/cool air, precipitation including monsoons 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seasonal Cycles: exchange of warm/cool water, Indian Ocean currents Cirannual Cycles: of upwelling and downwelling 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seasonal and Lunar Cycles: solstices/equinoxes; expansion and contraction of the Earth or other terrestrial bodies due to solar heating Planetary Cycles: planetary or satellite rotation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seasonal Cycles: gestation periods of large mammals Cirannual Cycles: of flora and fauna, mating, migration, etc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shock Waves: caused by solar flares on the Sun or other hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Photospheric Waves: circulation patterns in the Sun or other hot stars Stellar Rotation Variable Star Cycles (Mira) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Macroacoustic Waves: in gas and dust clouds caused by turbulence due to various instabilities within a galaxy 		
	<p>Days</p> <p>1 - 30</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Waves: circulation patterns in the Earth's atmosphere including prevailing westerlies, polar easterlies, trade winds, Rossby waves (jet stream) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Global Waves: circulation patterns in the Earth's oceans including the gulf stream, equatorial currents and counter-current, local currents driven by global circulation patterns in the atmosphere 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planetary Cycles: the rotation of the Earth and Moon or other planets or satellites; light-dark periods Planetary Tides 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gestation and Menstrual Cycles: of various species 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stellar Cycles: outflow cycles of the solar wind caused by the rotation of the Sun or other hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Variable Star Cycles Stellar Cycles: the rotation of the Sun or other small stars 			
	<p>Hours</p> <p>1 - 24</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclones and Anticyclones: high and low pressure systems; tropical cyclones including hurricanes, typhoons; circulation patterns caused by vertical effects Global Cycles: atmospheric tides, cloud cycles, sea/land breezes, hill/valley flows 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ocean Tides 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planetary Tides: tidal motions of the Earth's lithosphere or other planets due to gravitational forces Thermal Cycles: expansion and contraction of solids due to fluctuations in temperature 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circadian Rhythms: of plants and animals Diurnal Rhythms: of plants and animals 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trapped Waves: within the interior of the Sun or other hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shock Waves: caused by a stellar explosion within the Milky Way or other galaxies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shock Waves: caused by a giant stellar explosion, or by a series of explosions in the galactic core 	
	<p>Minutes</p> <p>1 - 60</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trapped Waves: between layers of the Earth's atmosphere or other planets Mountain Waves Island Waves 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trapped Waves: within the Earth's liquid core Tsunamis (tidal waves): caused by seismic activity beneath the ocean floor 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Thermal Cycles: expansion and contraction of solids due to fluctuations in temperature 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Circadian Rhythms: of plants and animals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the solar wind 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Helioseismic Waves: at the surface and within the interior of the Sun or other hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the stellar wind of hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the galactic wind 	
	<p>Seconds</p> <p>1 - 60</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cyclonic Storm Cycles: tornadoes, waterspouts Cyclonic Minicycles: caused by vertical effects, wind, and turbulence Caustics: caused by boundary interactions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Surface Waves: 'ring' waves, 'breaking' waves, storm waves, 'rollers', seiches Tsunamis (tidal waves) Tidal Bores Internal Waves Trapped Waves 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Surface Waves: snow, sand, and dust waves Seismic Waves: generated on the surface crust of the Earth or other terrestrial bodies Seismic Waves: generated within the interior of the Earth or other terrestrial bodies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Surface Waves: waves of grain and grass, etc. Biomechanical Cycles: heartbeat, respiration, metabolic and other biomechanical rhythms internal to humans and other species 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the solar wind 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulsars: the rotation of high velocity neutron stars (pulsars, x-ray stars) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the stellar wind of hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the galactic wind 	
	<p>Normal Sound Range</p> <p><i>(including the Range of Human Hearing)</i></p> <p>1 - 100,000 cps</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internal Waves: caused by turbulence Radial Waves Shock Waves Wind and Whistle Tones Internal Waves: caused by spontaneous boundary interactions Acoustic Whistlers Cylindrical and Conical Waves Normal Sound Waves: in air and other gas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Caustics: caused by complex boundary interactions Deep Channel Waves Internal Waves: caused by acoustic cavitation Internal Waves: caused by spontaneous boundary interactions Internal Waves: caused by spontaneous boundary interactions Normal Sound Waves: in water and other liquids 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Surface Waves: circular waves, elliptical waves, cymatic patterns generated on the surface of a solid body Mechanical Oscillations: generated on or within a solid body Normal Sound Waves: which are transmitted through a solid 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Biochemical Oscillations: spontaneously generated within humans and other living systems Traveling Waves: spontaneously generated within living systems Internal Waves: caused by acoustic cavitation Normal Sound Waves: which are transmitted through organic substances Ion Waves 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the solar wind 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pulsars: the rotation of high velocity neutron stars (pulsars, x-ray stars) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intracloud Waves: in gas and dust clouds caused by instabilities in the Milky Way or other galaxies Intracloud Waves: in dense molecular clouds caused by instabilities in the Milky Way or other galaxies Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the stellar wind of hot stars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Intracloud Waves: in large gas clouds caused by fluctuations of temperature and density within a cloud Intracloud Waves: in large gas clouds caused by interaction with the galactic wind or with intergalactic or intercluster gas from a stellar explosion Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the galactic wind 	
	<p>Microacoustic</p> <p>100,000 - millions cps</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microthermal Waves: trapped within normal sound waves Opticoacoustic Waves Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microthermal Waves: trapped within normal sound waves in liquids and fluids Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stress Waves: in crystalline structures Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microthermal Waves: trapped within normal sound waves in organic substances Ultrasound Waves Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microacoustic Waves: in a superconductor Magnetoacoustic Waves Ion Waves Electroacoustic Waves: in a semiconductor Electron Waves Drift Waves 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the solar wind Magnetoacoustic Waves: caused by the interaction of the solar wind with the magnetic fields of various planets and satellites Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles Electroacoustic Waves: caused by local turbulence within the stellar wind of hot stars Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microcycles: the oscillation of particles and subparticles 	

○ Traveling Wave ⊙ Standing Wave ⊖ Internal Wave ⊖ Surface Wave ⊙ Trapped Wave ⊕ Thermal Wave ⚡ Shock Wave ⊖ Plasma Wave